



Figure S1. Baseline predictors of HL retention (attendees) in comparison to HL activators (odds ratios, 95%CI).

BMI: body mass index; CVD: cardiovascular disease; DBP: diastolic blood pressure; HbA1c: glycated haemoglobin; HL: Healthy Living; IHD: ischaemic heart disease; IMD Q: index of multiple deprivation quintile; LD: learning disability; NDA: National Diabetes audit; OR: odds ratio; Rx: prescription; SBP: systolic blood pressure; T2DM: type 2 diabetes.

Models were adjusted for: age, sex (reference category: male), ethnicity (reference category: White), IMD quintiles (reference category: most deprived), smoking status (reference category: never smoked), BMI, and T2DM duration; baseline ischemic heart disease (reference category: unknown), history of cardiovascular disease admission (reference category: unknown), learning disability (reference category: unknown), and severe mental illness (reference category: diagnosis not provided); baseline prescriptions of antihypertensives, insulin, non-insulin diabetes medications, and statins