

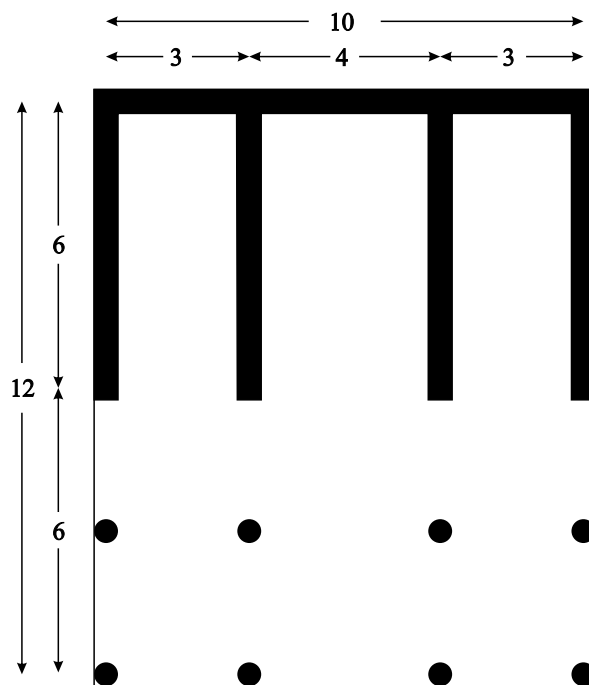


Figure 1. Plan representing the *tuscanicae dispositiones*.

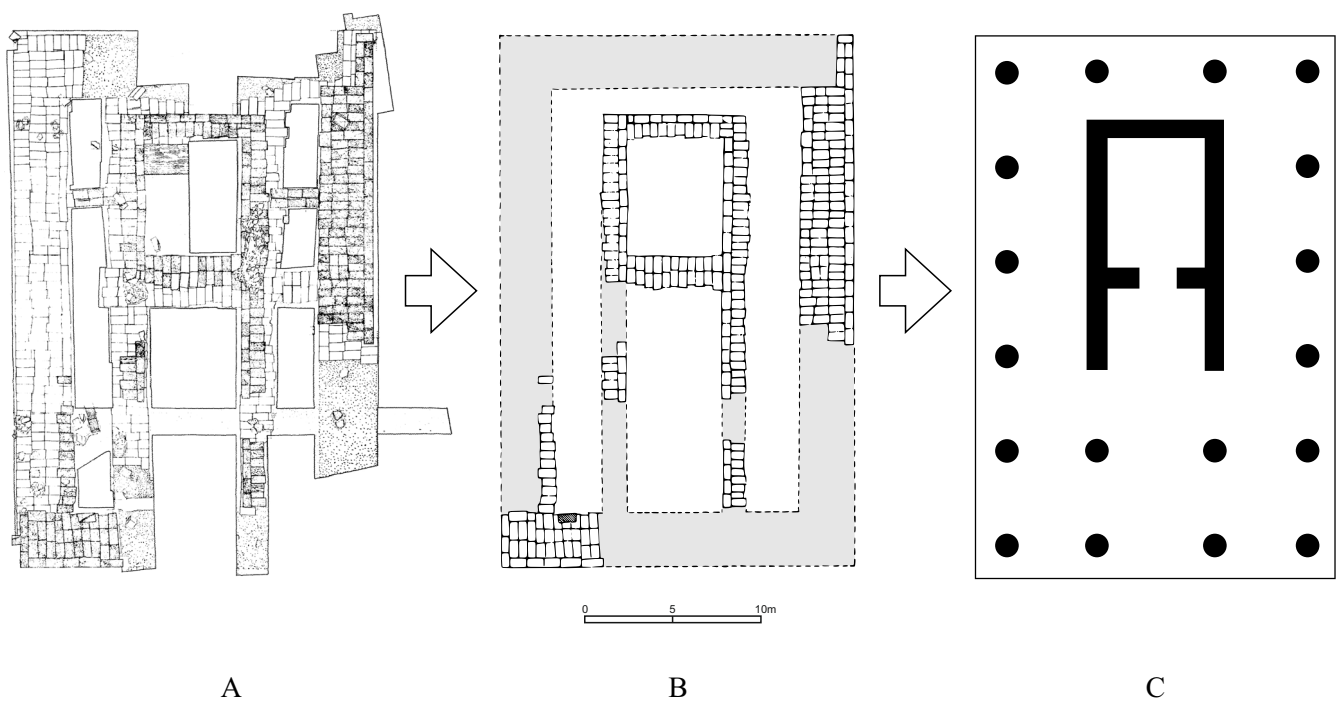


Figure 2. Pyrgi, Temple B, c.510 BC. Diagram showing (A) remains of the substructure (after Colonna 1970: Fig. 191; (B) load-bearing walls (after Colonna 1970: Fig. 195; (C) the reconstructed plan (after Colonna 2005, iv: 2337, Tav. I ).

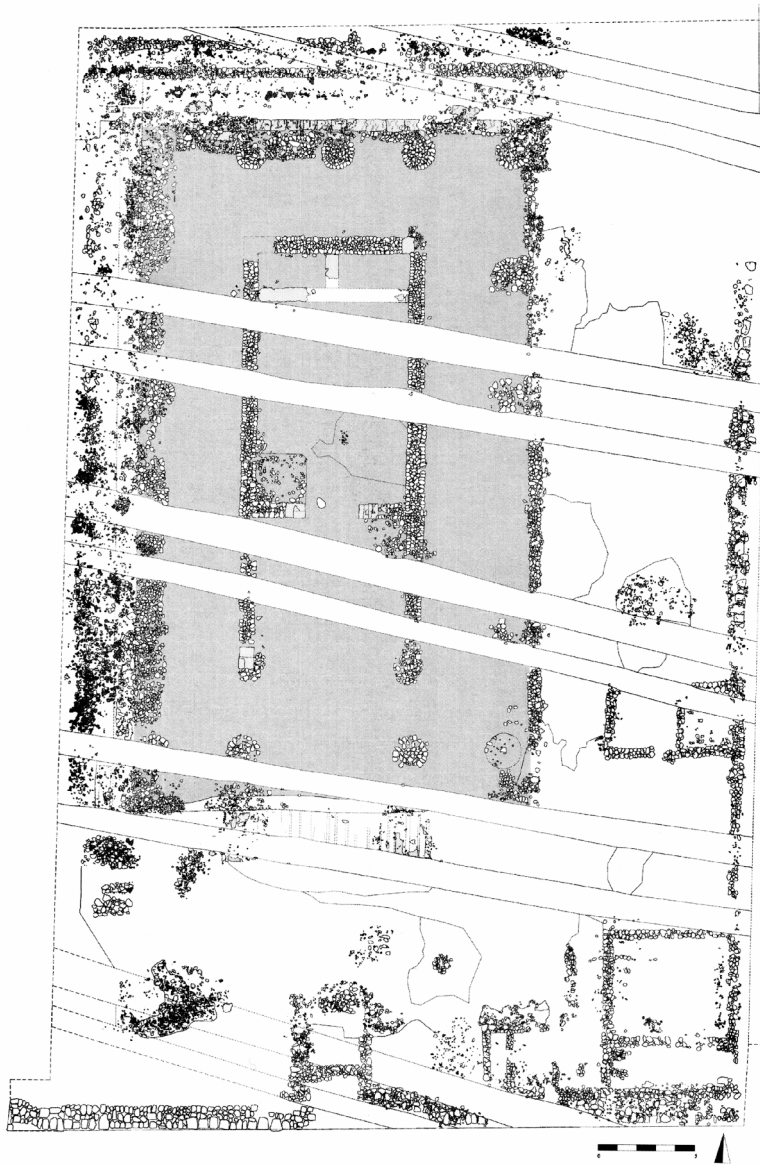


Figure 3. Plan of the remains of the Temple of Tinia at Marzabotto, c.480-470 BC (from Sassatelli and Govi 2005: 14, Fig. 5).

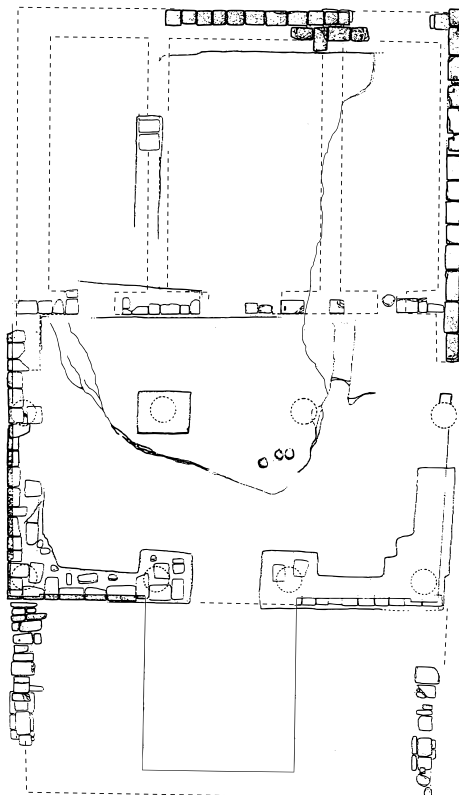


Figure 4. Plan of the Belvedere Temple at Orvieto, early fifth century BC (after Stopponi 1985: 82, Fig. 4.7).

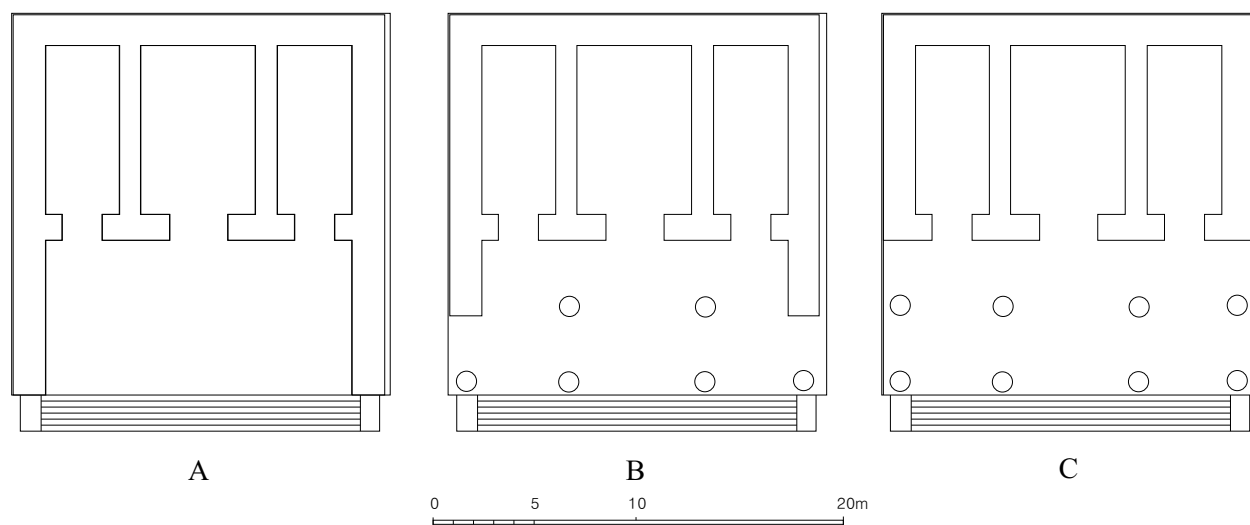


Figure 5. Hypothetical reconstructions of the Portonaccio Temple at Veii, c. 510 BC (from Stefani 1953: 106, Fig. 72).

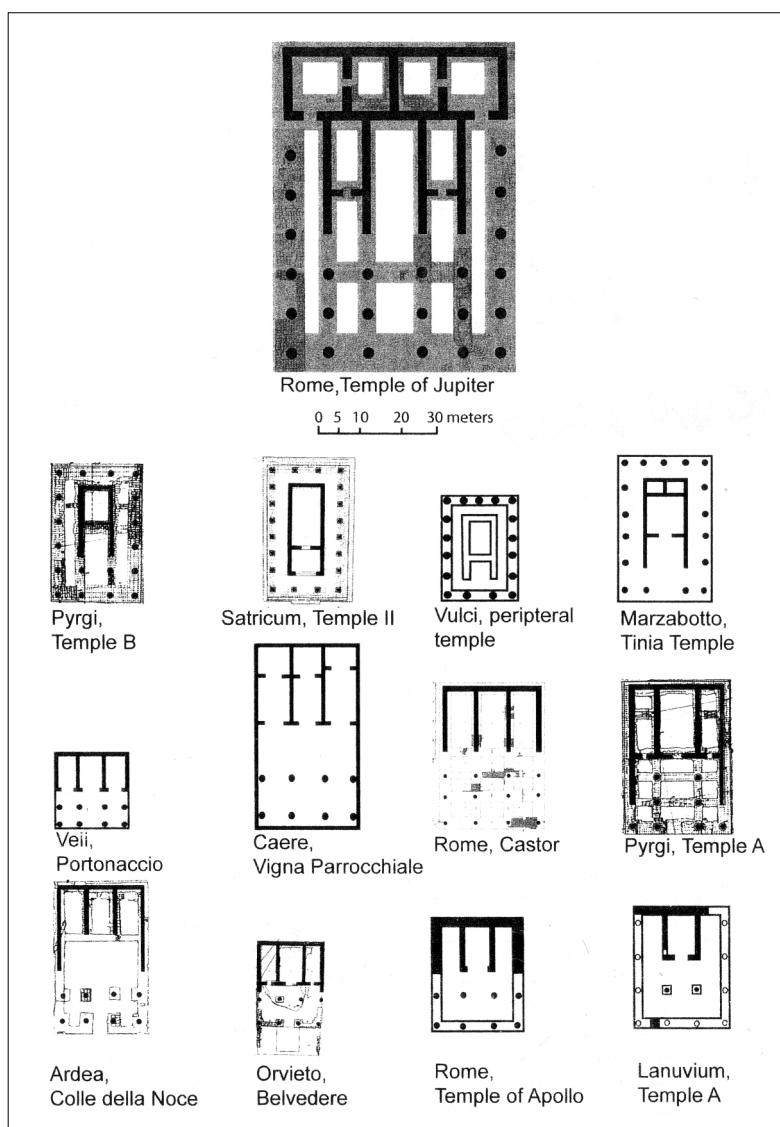


Figure 6. Scale-renderings of thirteen preserved temples from central Italy, c. 510-450 BC (from Hopkins 2012: 127, Fig. 6.8).