

## Supporting Information

### Evaluation of the Toxicity and Efficacy of a Multi-Target Polymer-Drug Nano-Polyplex in Undifferentiated SH-SY5Y Cells and *Drosophila* Model of Tauopathy

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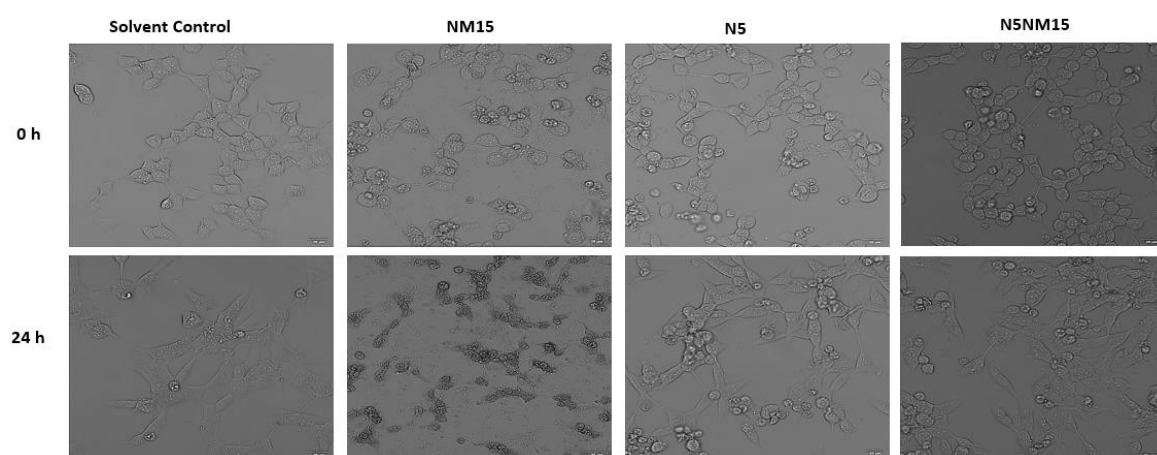
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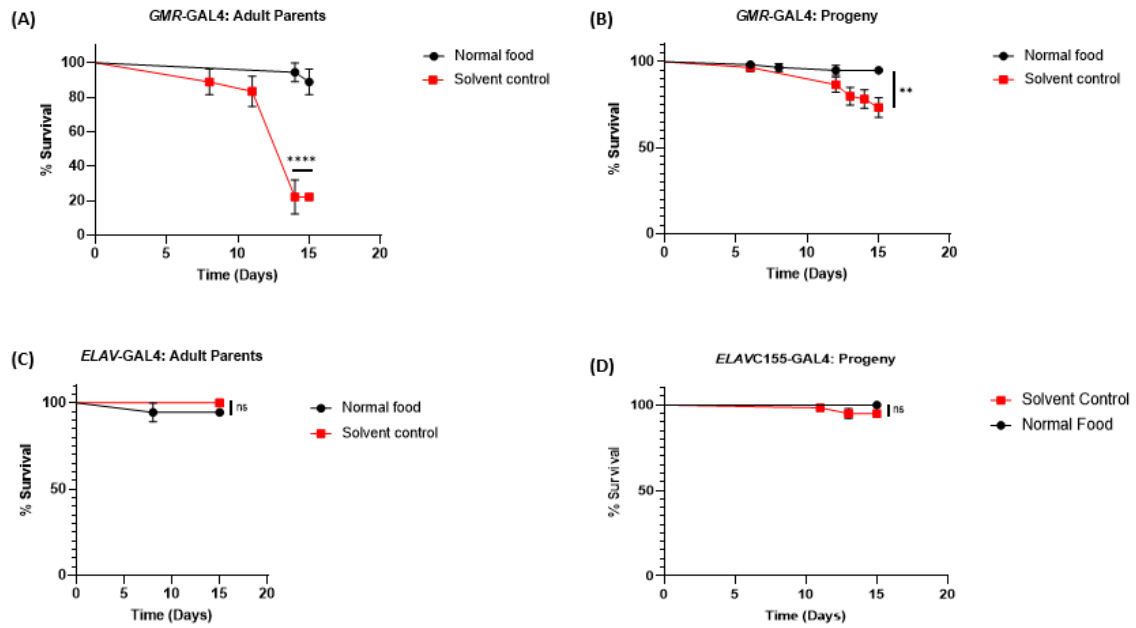
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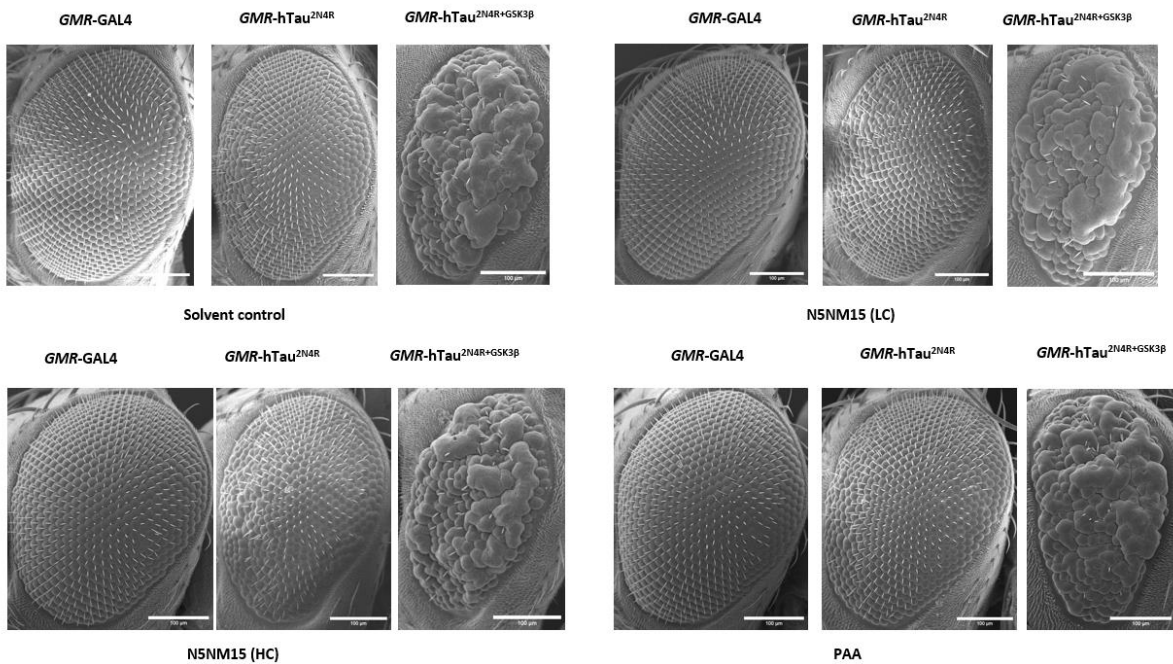
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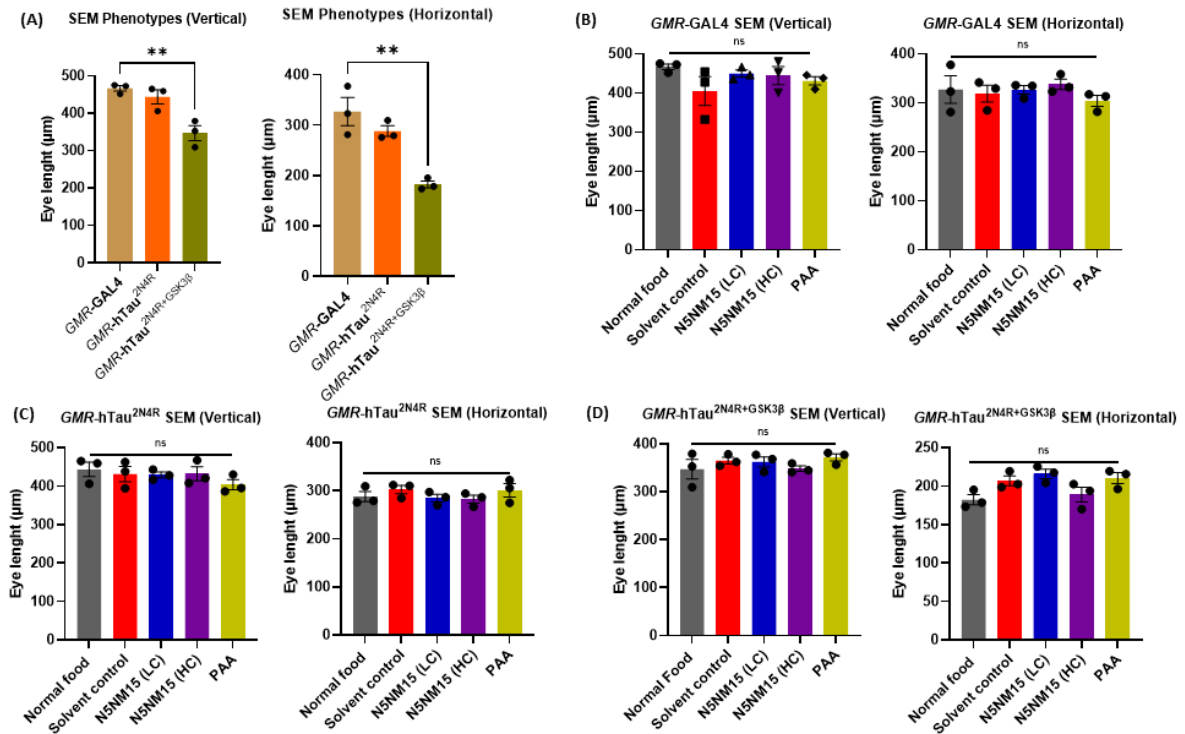
**Figure S1.** Grey-scale microscopy image depicting cellular uptake of NM15, N5 and N5NM15 nano-polyplex by undifferentiated SH-SY5Y cells incubated in serum-free DMEM media at 37°C, with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, images taken after 0 h and 24 h (Scale bar = 20 μm).



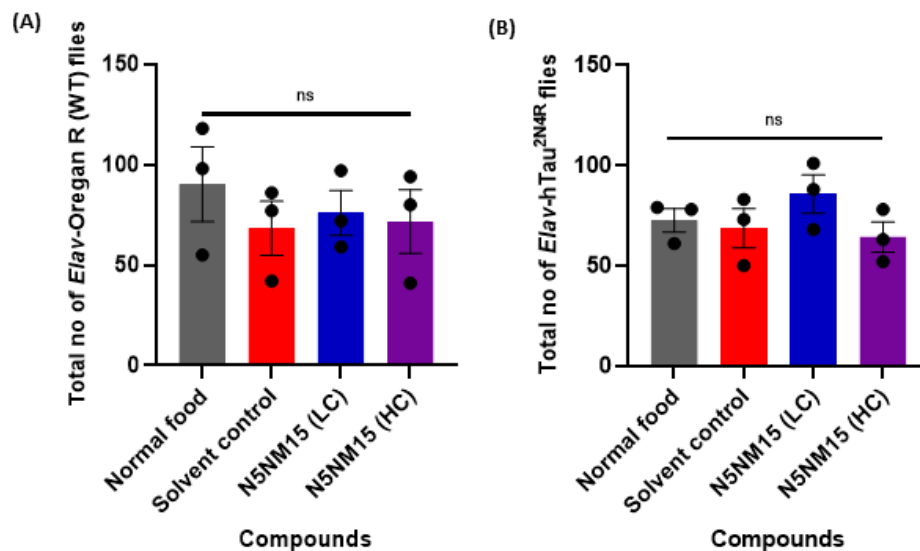
**Figure S2.** Toxicity study was assessed in *GMR-GAL4* and *ELAV-GAL4* adult flies and their progeny after feeding with the solvent control (1.2 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4) (A-D). Statistical analysis was performed using the Mantel-Cox test, with n=18 adult flies (6 flies per group in 3 separate tubes, maintaining a 1:1 male-to-female ratio) and n=60 progeny (20 flies per group in 3 separate tubes, maintaining a 1:1 male-to-female ratio).



**Figure S3.** SEM images of *GMR-GAL4*, *GMR-hTau<sup>2N4R</sup>* and *GMR-hTau<sup>2N4R+GSK3β</sup>* flies treated with solvent control, LC and HC of N5NM15, and PAA illustrating their effects on eye morphology (Scale bar = 100 μm).



**Figure S4.** Quantitative analysis of eye length based on SEM images in *GMR-GAL4*, *GMR-hTau<sup>2N4R</sup>*, and *GMR-hTau<sup>2N4R+GSK3β</sup>* Flies (A). Eye length measurements of (B) *GMR-GAL4*, (C) *GMR-hTau<sup>2N4R</sup>* and (D) *hTau<sup>2N4R+GSK3β</sup>* flies treated with LC and HC of N5NM15 and PAA. Data are presented as mean  $\pm$  SEM (n=3). Statistical analysis was performed using one-way ANOVA (\*\*p  $\leq$  0.01 for Figure A), with Dunnett's multiple comparisons test.



**Figure S5.** Total number of F1 progeny flies collected after 11 days to evaluate the effect of N5NM15 at varying concentrations (LC (11:3  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ), and HC (44:12.5  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ )) on progeny production. (A) *Elav-Oregon-R* (WT) flies were reared on normal food, solvent control, or food containing LC and HC of N5NM15. (B) *Elav-hTau<sup>2N4R</sup>* progeny flies, expressing human tau protein, were reared under the same conditions. Data are presented as mean  $\pm$  SEM (n=3). No significant differences (p > 0.05, one-way ANOVA) were observed.

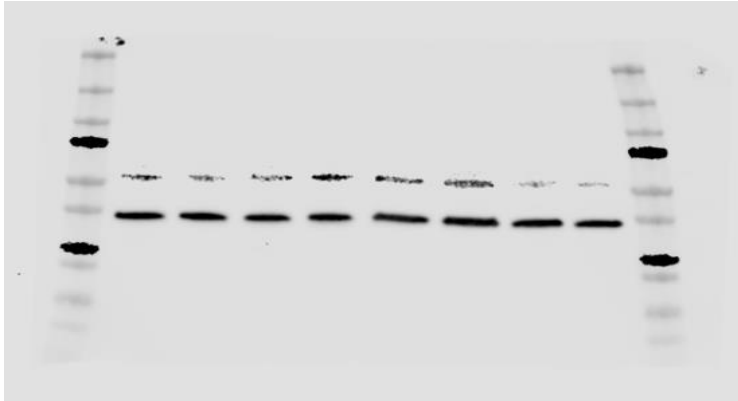


Media1.mp4

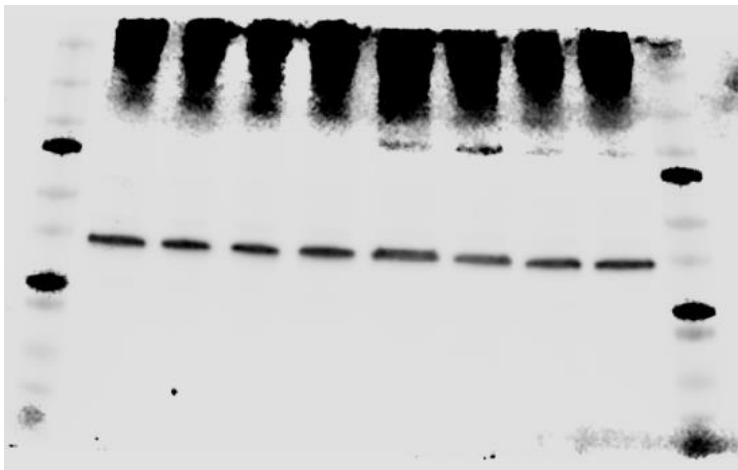
**Video S6.** Negative geotaxis assay: *ELAV-hTau<sup>2N4R</sup>* vs *ELAV-Oregon-R* (WT) progeny flies in normal food.

**Full Blot images**

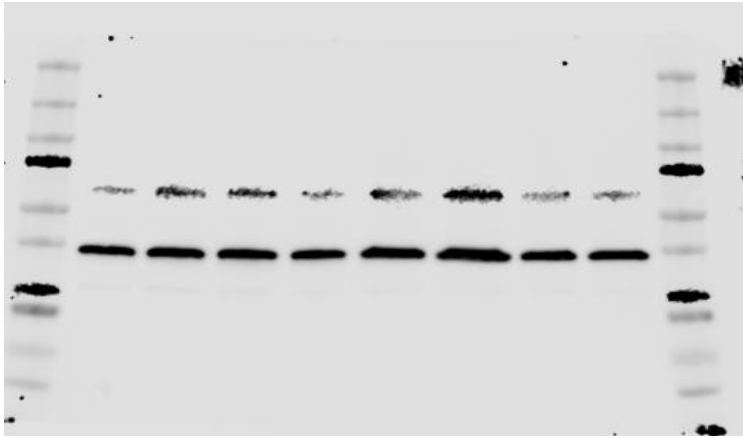
**1. Tau5- Figure 3A in the manuscript**



**2. AT8- Figure 3B in the manuscript**



3. AT180- Figure 3C in the manuscript



4. PHF-13- Figure 3D in the manuscript

